Supporting your child’s transition through Primary 1

Build a caring home environment to nurture the social and emotional skills of your child using these S.A.F.E. tips.

**SUPPORT**

- **Commit some time every weekend to play games and have fun together.**
- **Visit places** or take part in events that **both of you enjoy.**
- **Encourage** your child to make **new friends.**
- **Try out** FTGP* Family Time activities.

**AFFIRM**

- **Encourage** your child when he makes **observations.**
  E.g. Say “That’s interesting!” and ask why he/she said that.
- **Recognise small successes.**
  E.g. Say “You’ve made another new friend in class - well done!”

**FAMILIARISE**

- **Find out** what primary schools have in store for students these days.
- **Do practical things** to ease your child into **new routines.**
  E.g. Plan daily routines together, teach your child new habits like packing his/her bag.

**EMPATHISE**

- **Teach** your child **words that describe feelings.**
- **Acknowledge** your child’s **emotions.**
  E.g. “It’s okay to feel anxious about starting school.”
- **Understand** your child’s **needs.**
  E.g. Start bedtime early. Children need a lot of sleep.

**Spend Time Chatting. Use T.A.D.**

**Talk**
Talk about fond memories of your own school days.
E.g. What you did in Primary One; kind teachers and cheeky classmates you had.

**Ask**
Ask about his/her thoughts and feelings about the school.
E.g. FTGP* activities; when he/she felt happiest.

**Discuss**
Discuss together what can be done if he/she has worries at school.
E.g. Explore how people deal with conflicts.

**QUICK TIPS**

- **Listen without interrupting.**
- **Nod your head and ask questions** to show interest and affirmation.

*Form Teacher Guidance Period*
Supporting your child’s transition through Primary 5/6

Build a caring home environment to nurture the social and emotional skills of your child using these S.A.F.E. tips.

**SUPPORT**

- **Encourage** your child to talk to a trusted adult for guidance. E.g. Family members, school counsellors and teachers.
- **Help** your child understand decisions made and actions taken. Share the reasons for them.
- **Keep rules short and realistic.** E.g. No handphones allowed during meal times.

**AFFIRM**

- **Recognise** his/her demonstration of good values or social skills. E.g. Respect or good time-management.
- **Praise** your child’s efforts regularly. Only scolding him/her without providing any justified praise at other times can be demoralizing.

**FAMILIARISE**

- **Find out** what Primary 5 and 6 is like for students these days. Moderate your expectations according to your child’s own strengths and development.
- **Share information** on physical changes during puberty; include the range of emotions that may accompany it.

**EMPATHISSE**

- **Show** that you understand your child’s concerns. Be flexible in guiding your child when necessary. E.g. Vary your voice tone when you talk to him/her at different times and circumstances.
- **Teach** with less talk and more role-modelling. Children learn a lot by simply watching.

Spend Time Chatting. Use T.A.D.

**Talk**

Talk about things that friends might pressure him/her to do, which can be harmful. E.g. risky dares; deciding to meet an ‘online friend’ in person; making online purchases.

**Ask**

Ask your child about interests he/she would like to explore, and what he/she needs to do to develop them. E.g. make time for practice, sign up for courses/lessons.

**Discuss**

Discuss a variety of occupations that your child may be interested to explore. E.g. chef, interior designer, housing agent.

**QUICK TIPS**

- **Listen without being distracted. Put aside** whatever you had been doing.
- **Be prepared to accept** your child’s views even though you may not fully agree with them.

These tips may be used with children of other ages too; it depends on each child’s needs. Using these tips as your child journeys through the school years can help ease anxiety and worries, and build warmer and closer relationships at home.
Supporting your child’s transition through Secondary School

Build a caring home environment to nurture the social and emotional skills of your child using these S.A.F.E. tips.

**SUPPORT**
- **Find out** how your child’s preferences are changing. Show interest by **asking open-ended questions**.
- **Make a habit of chatting** at a fixed time each day. E.g. At dinner time.

**AFFIRM**
- **Remember** your child’s strengths. **Build his/her self-esteem** in those areas. E.g. “You have the unique ability to get along well with people.”
- **Praise and affirm efforts** in front of relatives and friends. E.g. “She is very helpful towards her grandparents.”

**FAMILIARISE**
- **Find out** what secondary school life is like for students these days.
- **Excite** him/her about new experiences secondary school students can have.
- **Encourage** him/her to pick up a new hobby or hone skills in outdoor sports.
- **Limit** his/her time spent on digital devices.

**EMPATHISE**
- **Acknowledge** your child’s varying emotions. E.g. “I understand you feel anxious about starting school without any of your old friends.”
- **Encourage** your child to share thoughts and feelings about the new school.
- **Prioritise** sufficient sleep.

**QUICK TIPS**
- **Listen attentively** to understand what your child might be feeling and thinking.
- **Avoid providing advice immediately** when not asked.

**Spend Time Chatting. Use T.A.D.**

**Talk**
Talk about the different realities faced by teens these days compared to the past.
E.g. How you communicated with friends without social media.

**Ask**
Ask about his/her thoughts and feelings on people and events around him/her or in the news.
E.g. What are some ways of having wholesome fun? How does he/she feel about the different types of jobs that adults do?

**Discuss**
Discuss some acceptable boundaries with regard to the use of electronic devices.
E.g. What are some rules for having a mobile phone (with or without a data plan)?

These tips may be used with children of other ages too; it depends on each child’s needs. Using these tips as your child journeys through the school years can help ease anxiety and worries, and build warmer and closer relationships at home.
Supporting your child’s transition through Upper Secondary

Build a caring home environment to nurture the social and emotional skills of your child using these S.A.F.E. tips.

**SUPPORT**
- **Let your teen be alone** if he/she does not feel like doing anything together with you; but be available when he/she needs you.
- **Have meals together regularly.** It offers a way to connect.
- **Be flexible.** Allow more independence as your teen demonstrates more responsibility.

**AFFIRM**
- **Describe what is done right and why it is helpful** whenever you praise your teen. Specific praise is more genuine and encouraging.
- **Be sensitive** to your teen’s preferences. E.g. Give praise in private if he/she tends to be easily embarrassed.

**FAMILIARISE**
- **Find out** what post-secondary institutions have in store for students these days. Make informed decisions together.
- **Highlight** how different institutions and industries can match your teen’s interests.

**EMPATHISIESE**
- **Respond to** your teen’s emotions without judging. E.g. If he/she complains at the end of CCA training, say: “Sounds like you’re tired after training hard.”
- **Encourage** your teen to share with you why he/she makes certain decisions. Acknowledge his/her struggles and strengths.

**QUICK TIPS**
- **Listen patiently**; allow your teen to draw his/her own conclusions if needed.
- **Provide a safe space** for your child to vent and talk.

Spend Time Chatting. Use T.A.D.

**Talk**
Talk about your teen’s interests. Encourage him/her to share the who, what, where, when, whys and hows of that interest.
E.g. sports, the latest phone apps, fashion

**Ask**
Ask about his/her thoughts and feelings on the latest posts and discussions on social media. E.g. issues on bullying

**Discuss**
Discuss new boundaries as your teen displays greater maturity. E.g. Allow a later curfew - recognise that he/she can be trusted with more responsibilities

These tips may be used with children of other ages too; it depends on each child’s needs. Using these tips as your child journeys through the school years can help ease anxiety and worries, and build warmer and closer relationships at home.